Features

- High-performance, Low-power AVR[®] 8-bit Microcontroller
- Advanced RISC Architecture
 - 131 Powerful Instructions Most Single-clock Cycle Execution
 - 32 x 8 General Purpose Working Registers
 - Fully Static Operation
 - Up to 16 MIPS Throughput at 16 MHz
 - On-chip 2-cycle Multiplier
- High Endurance Non-volatile Memory segments
 - 16K Bytes of In-System Self-programmable Flash program memory
 - 512 Bytes EEPROM
 - 1K Bytes Internal SRAM
 - Write/Erase cycles: 10,000 Flash/100,000 EEPROM
 - Data retention: 20 years at 85°C/100 years at 25°C⁽¹⁾
 - Optional Boot Code Section with Independent Lock Bits In-System Programming by On-chip Boot Program True Read-While-Write Operation
 - Up to 64K Bytes Optional External Memory Space
 - Programming Lock for Software Security
- JTAG (IEEE std. 1149.1 Compliant) Interface
 - Boundary-scan Capabilities According to the JTAG Standard
 - Extensive On-chip Debug Support
 - Programming of Flash, EEPROM, Fuses, and Lock Bits through the JTAG Interface
- Peripheral Features
 - Two 8-bit Timer/Counters with Separate Prescalers and Compare Modes
 - Two 16-bit Timer/Counters with Separate Prescalers, Compare Modes, and
 - Capture Modes – Real Time Counter with Separate Oscillator
 - Six PWM Channels
 - Dual Programmable Serial USARTs
 - Master/Slave SPI Serial Interface
 - Programmable Watchdog Timer with Separate On-chip Oscillator
 - On-chip Analog Comparator
- Special Microcontroller Features
 - Power-on Reset and Programmable Brown-out Detection
 - Internal Calibrated RC Oscillator
 - External and Internal Interrupt Sources
 - Five Sleep Modes: Idle, Power-save, Power-down, Standby, and Extended Standby

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- I/O and Packages
 - 35 Programmable I/O Lines
 - 40-pin PDIP, 44-lead TQFP, and 44-pad MLF
- Operating Voltages
 - 1.8 5.5V for ATmega162V
 - 2.7 5.5V for ATmega162
- Speed Grades
 - 0 8 MHz for ATmega162V (see Figure 113 on page 266)
 - 0 16 MHz for ATmega162 (see Figure 114 on page 266)

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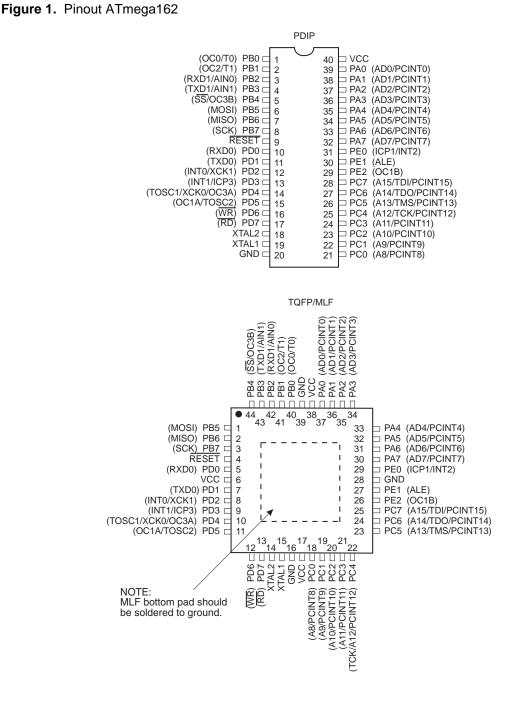
8-bit **AVR**[®] Microcontroller with 16K Bytes In-System Programmable Flash

ATmega162 ATmega162V

Summary

2513LS-AVR-03/2013

Pin Configurations

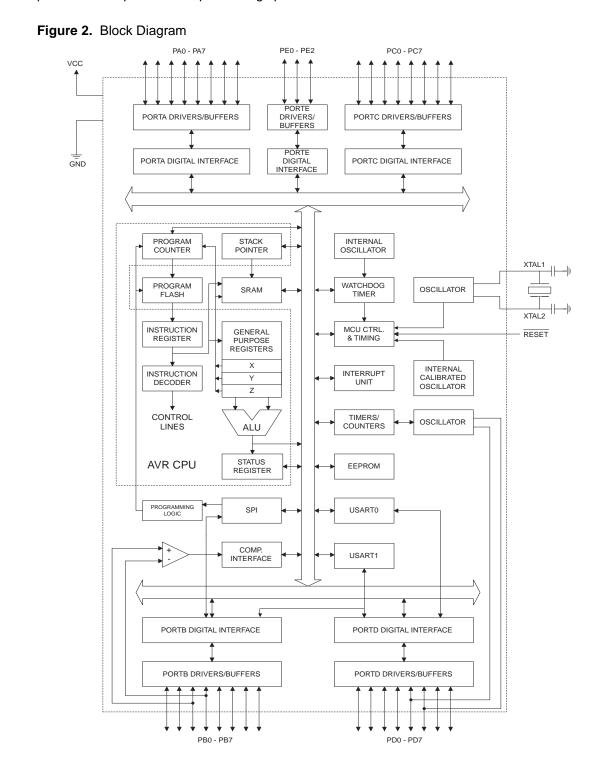


Disclaimer

Typical values contained in this datasheet are based on simulations and characterization of other AVR microcontrollers manufactured on the same process technology. Min and Max values will be available after the device is characterized.

² ATmega162/V

Overview The ATmega162 is a low-power CMOS 8-bit microcontroller based on the AVR enhanced RISC architecture. By executing powerful instructions in a single clock cycle, the ATmega162 achieves throughputs approaching 1 MIPS per MHz allowing the system designer to optimize power consumption versus processing speed.



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Block Diagram

The AVR core combines a rich instruction set with 32 general purpose working registers. All the 32 registers are directly connected to the Arithmetic Logic Unit (ALU), allowing two independent registers to be accessed in one single instruction executed in one clock cycle. The resulting architecture is more code efficient while achieving throughputs up to ten times faster than conventional CISC microcontrollers.

The ATmega162 provides the following features: 16K bytes of In-System Programmable Flash with Read-While-Write capabilities, 512 bytes EEPROM, 1K bytes SRAM, an external memory interface, 35 general purpose I/O lines, 32 general purpose working registers, a JTAG interface for Boundary-scan, On-chip Debugging support and programming, four flexible Timer/Counters with compare modes, internal and external interrupts, two serial programmable USARTs, a programmable Watchdog Timer with Internal Oscillator, an SPI serial port, and five software selectable power saving modes. The Idle mode stops the CPU while allowing the SRAM, Timer/Counters, SPI port, and interrupt system to continue functioning. The Power-down mode saves the register contents but freezes the Oscillator, disabling all other chip functions until the next interrupt or Hardware Reset. In Power-save mode, the Asynchronous Timer continues to run, allowing the user to maintain a timer base while the rest of the device is sleeping. In Standby mode, the crystal/resonator Oscillator is running while the rest of the device is sleeping. This allows very fast start-up combined with low-power consumption. In Extended Standby mode, both the main Oscillator and the Asynchronous Timer continue to run.

The device is manufactured using Atmel's high density non-volatile memory technology. The On-chip ISP Flash allows the program memory to be reprogrammed In-System through an SPI serial interface, by a conventional non-volatile memory programmer, or by an On-chip Boot Program running on the AVR core. The Boot Program can use any interface to download the Application Program in the Application Flash memory. Software in the Boot Flash section will continue to run while the Application Flash section is updated, providing true Read-While-Write operation. By combining an 8-bit RISC CPU with In-System Self-Programmable Flash on a monolithic chip, the Atmel ATmega162 is a powerful microcontroller that provides a highly flexible and cost effective solution to many embedded control applications.

The ATmega162 AVR is supported with a full suite of program and system development tools including: C compilers, macro assemblers, program debugger/simulators, In-Circuit Emulators, and evaluation kits.

ATmega161 and The ATmega162 is a highly complex microcontroller where the number of I/O locations super-ATmega162 sedes the 64 I/O locations reserved in the AVR instruction set. To ensure back-ward compatibility with the ATmega161, all I/O locations present in ATmega161 have the same loca-Compatibility tions in ATmega162. Some additional I/O locations are added in an Extended I/O space starting from 0x60 to 0xFF, (i.e., in the ATmega162 internal RAM space). These locations can be reached by using LD/LDS/LDD and ST/STS/STD instructions only, not by using IN and OUT instructions. The relocation of the internal RAM space may still be a problem for ATmega161 users. Also, the increased number of Interrupt Vectors might be a problem if the code uses absolute addresses. To solve these problems, an ATmega161 compatibility mode can be selected by programming the fuse M161C. In this mode, none of the functions in the Extended I/O space are in use, so the internal RAM is located as in ATmega161. Also, the Extended Interrupt Vec-tors are removed. The ATmega162 is 100% pin compatible with ATmega161, and can replace the ATmega161 on current Printed Circuit Boards. However, the location of Fuse bits and the electrical characteristics differs between the two devices.

ATmega161 Compatibility Mode Programming the M161C will change the following functionality:

 The extended I/O map will be configured as internal RAM once the M161C Fuse is programmed.

- The timed sequence for changing the Watchdog Time-out period is disabled. See "Timed Sequences for Changing the Configuration of the Watchdog Timer" on page 56 for details.
- The double buffering of the USART Receive Registers is disabled. See "AVR USART vs. AVR UART Compatibility" on page 168 for details.
- Pin change interrupts are not supported (Control Registers are located in Extended I/O).
- One 16 bits Timer/Counter (Timer/Counter1) only. Timer/Counter3 is not accessible.

Note that the shared UBRRHI Register in ATmega161 is split into two separate registers in ATmega162, UBRR0H and UBRR1H. The location of these registers will not be affected by the ATmega161 compatibility fuse.

Pin Descriptions

VCC Digital supply voltage

GND Ground

Port A (PA7..PA0) Port A is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port A output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. When pins PA0 to PA7 are used as inputs and are externally pulled low, they will source current if the internal pull-up resistors are activated. The Port A pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port A also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega162 as listed on page 72.

Port B (PB7..PB0) Port B is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port B output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port B pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port B pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.

Port B also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega162 as listed on page 72.

Port C (PC7..PC0) Port C is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port C output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port C pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port C pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running. If the JTAG interface is enabled, the pull-up resistors on pins PC7(TDI), PC5(TMS) and PC4(TCK) will be activated even if a Reset occurs.

Port C also serves the functions of the JTAG interface and other special features of the ATmega162 as listed on page 75.

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Port D (PD7PD0)	Port D is an 8-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port D output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port D pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port D pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.
	Port D also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega162 as listed on page 78.
Port E(PE2PE0)	Port E is an 3-bit bi-directional I/O port with internal pull-up resistors (selected for each bit). The Port E output buffers have symmetrical drive characteristics with both high sink and source capability. As inputs, Port E pins that are externally pulled low will source current if the pull-up resistors are activated. The Port E pins are tri-stated when a reset condition becomes active, even if the clock is not running.
	Port E also serves the functions of various special features of the ATmega162 as listed on page 81.
RESET	Reset input. A low level on this pin for longer than the minimum pulse length will generate a Reset, even if the clock is not running. The minimum pulse length is given in Table 18 on page 48. Shorter pulses are not guaranteed to generate a reset.
XTAL1	Input to the Inverting Oscillator amplifier and input to the internal clock operating circuit.
XTAL2	Output from the Inverting Oscillator amplifier.

Resources A comprehensive set of development tools, application notes and datasheets are available for download on http://www.atmel.com/avr.

Data Retention Reliability Qualification results show that the projected data retention failure rate is much less than 1 PPM over 20 years at 85°C or 100 years at 25°C.

	A	t	n		el
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Register Summary

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0xFF)	Reserved	_	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	
(0,11)	Reserved	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
(0x9E)	Reserved	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
(0x9D)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9C)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9B)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x9A)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x99)	Reserved	-	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x98)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x97)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x96)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x95)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x94)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x93)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x92)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x91)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ļ
(0x90)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	<u> </u>
(0x8F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x8E)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
(0x8D)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ł
(0x8C)	Reserved	- COM3A1	– COM3A0	- COM2B1		-				101
(0x8B)	TCCR3A	COM3A1		COM3B1	COM3B0	FOC3A WGM32	FOC3B	WGM31	WGM30	131
(0x8A) (0x89)	TCCR3B TCNT3H	ICNC3	ICES3	– Time	WGM33	WGM32 unter Register Hig	CS32	CS31	CS30	128 133
(0x89) (0x88)	TCNT3H TCNT3L					unter Register Hig unter Register Lo				133
(0x88) (0x87)	OCR3AH					Compare Register	,			133
(0x86)	OCR3AL					Compare Register				133
(0x85)	OCR3BH					Compare Register				133
(0x84)	OCR3BL					Compare Register				133
(0x83)	Reserved	_	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	100
(0x82)	Reserved	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
(0x81)	ICR3H			Timer/0	Counter3 – Input	Capture Register	High Byte			134
(0x80)	ICR3L					Capture Register				134
(0x7F)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
(0x7E)	Reserved	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	_	
(0x7D)	ETIMSK	-	-	TICIE3	OCIE3A	OCIE3B	TOIE3	-	-	135
(0x7C)	ETIFR	-	-	ICF3	OCF3A	OCF3B	TOV3	-	-	135
(0x7B)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x7A)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x79)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x78)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x77)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x76)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+
(0x75)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x74)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x73)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x72) (0x71)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	ł
. ,	Reserved Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	_	_		ł
(0x70) (0x6F)	Reserved	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	
(0x6F) (0x6E)	Reserved	_	_		_	_	_	_	_	
(0x6D)	Reserved	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	
(0x6C)	PCMSK1	PCINT15	PCINT14	PCINT13	PCINT12	PCINT11	PCINT10	PCINT9	PCINT8	88
(0x6B)	PCMSK0	PCINT7	PCINT6	PCINT5	PCINT4	PCINT3	PCINT2	PCINT1	PCINT0	88
(0x6A)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x69)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x68)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	
(0x67)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0/0/)	1	-	-	-	_	_	_	_	-	
(0x66)	Reserved									
	Reserved Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
(0x66)					-			-	-	
(0x66) (0x65)	Reserved									
(0x66) (0x65) (0x64)	Reserved Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	

ATmega162/V

Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
(0x60)	Reserved	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	
0x3F (0x5F)	SREG	I	Т	н	S	V	N	Z	С	10
0x3E (0x5E)	SPH	SP15	SP14	SP13	SP12	SP11	SP10	SP9	SP8	13
0x3D (0x5D)	SPL	SP7	SP6	SP5	SP4	SP3	SP2	SP1	SP0	13
0x3C ⁽²⁾ (0x5C) ⁽²⁾	UBRR1H	URSEL1						R1[11:8]		190
0.00 (0.50)	UCSR1C	URSEL1	UMSEL1	UPM11	UPM10	USBS1	UCSZ11	UCSZ10	UCPOL1	189
0x3B (0x5B)	GICR	INT1	INT0	INT2	PCIE1	PCIE0	_	IVSEL	IVCE	61, 86
0x3A (0x5A) 0x39 (0x59)	GIFR TIMSK	INTF1 TOIE1	INTF0 OCIE1A	INTF2 OCIE1B	PCIF1 OCIE2	PCIF0 TICIE1	TOIE2	TOIE0	OCIE0	87 102, 134, 154
0x38 (0x58)	TIFR	TOV1	OCF1A	OCF1B	OCF2	ICF1	TOV2	TOV0	OCF0	103, 135, 155
0x37 (0x57)	SPMCR	SPMIE	RWWSB	-	RWWSRE	BLBSET	PGWRT	PGERS	SPMEN	221
0x36 (0x56)	EMCUCR	SM0	SRL2	SRL1	SRL0	SRW01	SRW00	SRW11	ISC2	30,44,85
0x35 (0x55)	MCUCR	SRE	SRW10	SE	SM1	ISC11	ISC10	ISC01	ISC00	30,43,84
0x34 (0x54)	MCUCSR	JTD	-	SM2	JTRF	WDRF	BORF	EXTRF	PORF	43,51,207
0x33 (0x53)	TCCR0	FOC0	WGM00	COM01	COM00	WGM01	CS02	CS01	CS00	100
0x32 (0x52)	TCNT0					inter0 (8 Bits)				102
0x31 (0x51)	OCR0					tput Compare Re				102
0x30 (0x50)	SFIOR	TSM	XMBK	XMM2	XMM1	XMM0	PUD	PSR2	PSR310	32,70,105,156
0x2F (0x4F)	TCCR1A	COM1A1	COM1A0	COM1B1	COM1B0	FOC1A	FOC1B	WGM11	WGM10	128
0x2E (0x4E) 0x2D (0x4D)	TCCR1B TCNT1H	ICNC1	ICES1	- Time	WGM13	WGM12 unter Register Hig	CS12	CS11	CS10	131 133
0x2C (0x4C)	TCNT1L					unter Register Lo				133
0x2B (0x4B)	OCR1AH					Compare Register				133
0x2A (0x4A)	OCR1AL					Compare Register				133
0x29 (0x49)	OCR1BH			Timer/Co	unter1 – Output C	Compare Register	B High Byte			133
0x28 (0x48)	OCR1BL			Timer/Co	unter1 – Output 0	Compare Register	B Low Byte			133
0x27 (0x47)	TCCR2	FOC2	WGM20	COM21	COM20	WGM21	CS22	CS21	CS20	149
0x26 (0x46)	ASSR	-	-	-	-	AS2	TCN2UB	OCR2UB	TCR2UB	152
0x25 (0x45)	ICR1H					Capture Register	* ·			134
0x24 (0x44)	ICR1L		Timer/Counter1 – Input Capture Register Low Byte					134		
0x23 (0x43)	TCNT2					Inter2 (8 Bits)	• .			151
0x22 (0x42) 0x21 (0x41)	OCR2 WDTCR	_	_		WDCE	tput Compare Re WDE	gister WDP2	WDP1	WDP0	151 53
	UBRR0H	URSEL0	_			WDE		R0[11:8]	WDF0	190
0x20 ⁽²⁾ (0x40) ⁽²⁾	UCSR0C	URSEL0	UMSEL0	UPM01	UPM00	USBS0	UCSZ01	UCSZ00	UCPOL0	189
0x1F (0x3F)	EEARH	_	_	-	-	-	-	-	EEAR8	20
0x1E (0x3E)	EEARL		•		EEPROM Addres	s Register Low B	yte		•	20
0x1D (0x3D)	EEDR		_	_	EEPROM	Data Register			-	21
0x1C (0x3C)	EECR	-	-	-	-	EERIE	EEMWE	EEWE	EERE	21
0x1B (0x3B)	PORTA	PORTA7	PORTA6	PORTA5	PORTA4	PORTA3	PORTA2	PORTA1	PORTA0	82
0x1A (0x3A)	DDRA	DDA7	DDA6	DDA5	DDA4	DDA3	DDA2	DDA1	DDA0	82
0x19 (0x39)	PINA	PINA7	PINA6	PINA5	PINA4	PINA3	PINA2	PINA1	PINA0	82
0x18 (0x38) 0x17 (0x37)	PORTB DDRB	PORTB7 DDB7	PORTB6 DDB6	PORTB5 DDB5	PORTB4 DDB4	PORTB3 DDB3	PORTB2 DDB2	PORTB1 DDB1	PORTB0 DDB0	82 82
0x16 (0x36)	PINB	PINB7	PINB6	PINB5	PINB4	PINB3	PINB2	PINB1	PINB0	82
0x15 (0x35)	PORTC	PORTC7	PORTC6	PORTC5	PORTC4	PORTC3	PORTC2	PORTC1	PORTC0	82
0x14 (0x34)	DDRC	DDC7	DDC6	DDC5	DDC4	DDC3	DDC2	DDC1	DDC0	82
0x13 (0x33)	PINC	PINC7	PINC6	PINC5	PINC4	PINC3	PINC2	PINC1	PINC0	83
0x12 (0x32)	PORTD	PORTD7	PORTD6	PORTD5	PORTD4	PORTD3	PORTD2	PORTD1	PORTD0	83
0x11 (0x31)	DDRD	DDD7	DDD6	DDD5	DDD4	DDD3	DDD2	DDD1	DDD0	83
0x10 (0x30)	PIND	PIND7	PIND6	PIND5	PIND4	PIND3	PIND2	PIND1	PIND0	83
0x0F (0x2F)	SPDR				SPI Da	ta Register				164
0x0E (0x2E)	SPSR	SPIF	WCOL	-	-	-	-	-	SPI2X	164
0x0D (0x2D)	SPCR	SPIE	SPE	DORD	MSTR	CPOL	CPHA	SPR1	SPR0	162
0x0C (0x2C) 0x0B (0x2B)	UDR0 UCSR0A	RXC0	TXC0	UDRE0	FE0	D Data Register DOR0	UPE0	U2X0	MPCM0	186
0x0B (0x2B) 0x0A (0x2A)	UCSRUA	RXCIE0	TXCIE0	UDRE0	RXEN0	TXEN0	UCSZ02	RXB80	TXB80	186 187
0x09 (0x29)	UBRROL	INDILU	INCIEU			ate Register Low I		10000	17000	190
0x08 (0x28)	ACSR	ACD	ACBG	ACO	ACI	ACIE	ACIC	ACIS1	ACIS0	195
0x07 (0x27)	PORTE	-	-	-	-	-	PORTE2	PORTE1	PORTE0	83
0x06 (0x26)	DDRE	-	-	-	-	-	DDE2	DDE1	DDE0	83
0x05 (0x25)	PINE	-	-	-	-	-	PINE2	PINE1	PINE0	83
0x04 ⁽¹⁾ (0x24) ⁽¹⁾	OSCCAL	-	CAL6	CAL5	CAL4	CAL3	CAL2	CAL1	CAL0	39
. ,	OCDR					ebug Register				202
0x03 (0x23)	UDR1					Data Register				186
0x02 (0x22)	UCSR1A	RXC1	TXC1	UDRE1	FE1	DOR1	UPE1	U2X1	MPCM1	186





Address	Name	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Page
0x01 (0x21)	UCSR1B	RXCIE1	TXCIE1	UDRIE1	RXEN1	TXEN1	UCSZ12	RXB81	TXB81	187
0x00 (0x20)	UBRR1L		USART1 Baud Rate Register Low Byte						190	

Notes: 1. When the OCDEN Fuse is unprogrammed, the OSCCAL Register is always accessed on this address. Refer to the debugger specific documentation for details on how to use the OCDR Register.

2. Refer to the USART description for details on how to access UBRRH and UCSRC.

3. For compatibility with future devices, reserved bits should be written to zero if accessed. Reserved I/O memory addresses should never be written.

4. Some of the Status Flags are cleared by writing a logical one to them. Note that the CBI and SBI instructions will operate on all bits in the I/O Register, writing a one back into any flag read as set, thus clearing the flag. The CBI and SBI instructions work with registers 0x00 to 0x1F only.

ATmega162/V

Instruction Set Summary

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
ARITHMETIC AND	LOGIC INSTRUCTION	S	•		
ADD	Rd, Rr	Add two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADC	Rd, Rr	Add with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + Rr + C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
ADIW	Rdl,K	Add Immediate to Word	$Rdh:RdI \leftarrow Rdh:RdI + K$	Z,C,N,V,S	2
SUB	Rd, Rr	Subtract two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SUBI	Rd, K	Subtract Constant from Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBC	Rd, Rr	Subtract with Carry two Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - Rr - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBCI	Rd, K	Subtract with Carry Constant from Reg.	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - K - C$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBIW	Rdl,K	Subtract Immediate from Word	$Rdh:Rdl \leftarrow Rdh:Rdl - K$	Z,C,N,V,S	2
AND	Rd, Rr	Logical AND Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rr$	Z,N,V	1
ANDI	Rd, K	Logical AND Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet K$	Z,N,V	1
OR	Rd, Rr	Logical OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd v Rr$	Z,N,V	1
ORI	Rd, K	Logical OR Register and Constant	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V	1
EOR	Rd, Rr	Exclusive OR Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rr$	Z,N,V	1
COM	Rd	One's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow 0xFF - Rd$	Z,C,N,V	1
NEG	Rd	Two's Complement	$Rd \leftarrow 0x00 - Rd$	Z,C,N,V,H	1
SBR	Rd,K	Set Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \vee K$	Z,N,V	1
CBR	Rd,K	Clear Bit(s) in Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet (0xFF - K)$	Z,N,V	1
INC	Rd	Increment	$Rd \leftarrow Rd + 1$	Z,N,V	1
DEC	Rd	Decrement	$Rd \leftarrow Rd - 1$	Z,N,V	1
TST	Rd	Test for Zero or Minus	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \bullet Rd$	Z,N,V	1
CLR	Rd	Clear Register	$Rd \leftarrow Rd \oplus Rd$	Z,N,V	1
SER	Rd	Set Register	$Rd \leftarrow 0xFF$	None	1
MUL	Rd, Rr	Multiply Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd x Rr$	Z,C	2
MULS	Rd, Rr	Multiply Signed	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd x Rr$	Z,C	2
MULSU	Rd, Rr	Multiply Signed with Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow Rd x Rr$	Z,C	2
FMUL	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) << 1$	Z,C	2
FMULS	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Signed	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) << 1$	Z,C	2
FMULSU	Rd, Rr	Fractional Multiply Signed with Unsigned	$R1:R0 \leftarrow (Rd \times Rr) << 1$	Z,C	2
BRANCH INSTRUC	CTIONS				
RJMP	k	Relative Jump	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	2
IJMP		Indirect Jump to (Z)	$PC \leftarrow Z$	None	2
JMP	k	Direct Jump	$PC \leftarrow k$	None	3
RCALL	k	Relative Subroutine Call	$PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1$	None	3
ICALL		Indirect Call to (Z)	$PC \leftarrow Z$	None	3
CALL	k	Direct Subroutine Call	$PC \leftarrow k$	None	4
RET		Subroutine Return	$PC \leftarrow STACK$	None	4
RETI		Interrupt Return	$PC \leftarrow STACK$	1	4
CPSE	Rd,Rr	Compare, Skip if Equal	if $(Rd = Rr) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 \text{ or } 3$	None	1/2/3
CP	Rd,Rr	Compare	Rd – Rr	Z, N,V,C,H	1
CPC	Rd,Rr	Compare with Carry	Rd – Rr – C	Z, N,V,C,H	1
CPI	Rd,K	Compare Register with Immediate	Rd – K	Z, N,V,C,H	1
SBRC	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register Cleared	if (Rr(b)=0) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
SBRS	Rr, b	Skip if Bit in Register is Set	if (Rr(b)=1) PC \leftarrow PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIC	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register Cleared	if (P(b)=0) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
SBIS	P, b	Skip if Bit in I/O Register is Set	if (P(b)=1) PC ← PC + 2 or 3	None	1/2/3
BRBS					
BRBC	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Set	if $(SREG(s) = 1)$ then $PC \leftarrow PC+k + 1$	None	1/2
	s, k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared	if (SREG(s) = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC+k + 1$	None None	1/2
BREQ	s, k k				
BREQ BRNE	s, k k k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared	if (SREG(s) = 0) then $PC \leftarrow PC+k + 1$	None	1/2 1/2 1/2
BREQ BRNE BRCS	s, k k k k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared Branch if Equal Branch if Not Equal Branch if Not Equal Branch if Carry Set	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{if } (SREG(s)=0) \mbox{ then } PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1 \\ \mbox{if } (Z=1) \mbox{ then } PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1 \\ \mbox{if } (Z=0) \mbox{ then } PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1 \\ \mbox{if } (C=1) \mbox{ then } PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1 \end{array}$	None None	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
BREQ BRNE BRCS BRCC	s, k k k k k k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared Branch if Equal Branch if Not Equal Branch if Carry Set Branch if Carry Cleared	$\begin{array}{l} \text{if } (\text{SREG}(s)=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+k+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+k+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+k+1 \\ \text{if } (C=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+k+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+k+1 \\ \end{array}$	None None None	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
BREQ BRNE BRCS BRCC BRSH	s, k k k k k k k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared Branch if Equal Branch if Not Equal Branch if Not Equal Branch if Carry Set	$\begin{array}{l} \mbox{if } (SREG(s)=0) \mbox{ then } PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1 \\ \mbox{if } (Z=1) \mbox{ then } PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1 \\ \mbox{if } (Z=0) \mbox{ then } PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1 \\ \mbox{if } (C=1) \mbox{ then } PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1 \end{array}$	None None None None	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
BREQ BRNE BRCS BRCC BRSH BRLO	s, k k k k k k k k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared Branch if Equal Branch if Not Equal Branch if Carry Set Branch if Carry Cleared Branch if Same or Higher Branch if Lower	$\begin{array}{l} \text{if } (\text{SREG}(s)=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \end{array}$	None None None None None None None None None	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
BREQ BRNE BRCS BRCC BRSH BRLO BRMI	s, k k k k k k k k k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared Branch if Equal Branch if Not Equal Branch if Carry Set Branch if Carry Cleared Branch if Same or Higher Branch if Lower Branch if Minus	$\begin{array}{l} \text{if } (\text{SREG}(s)=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \end{array}$	None	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
BREQ BRNE BRCS BRCC BRSH BRLO BRMI BRPL	s, k k k k k k k k k k k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared Branch if Equal Branch if Not Equal Branch if Carry Set Branch if Carry Cleared Branch if Same or Higher Branch if Lower Branch if Minus Branch if Plus	$\begin{array}{l} \text{if } (\text{SREG}(s)=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \end{array}$	None None None None None None None None None	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
BREQ BRNE BRCS BRCC BRSH BRLO BRMI	s, k k k k k k k k k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared Branch if Equal Branch if Not Equal Branch if Carry Set Branch if Carry Cleared Branch if Same or Higher Branch if Lower Branch if Minus	$\begin{array}{l} \text{if } (\text{SREG}(s)=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow\text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \end{array}$	None	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
BREQ BRNE BRCS BRCC BRSH BRLO BRMI BRPL	s, k k k k k k k k k k k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared Branch if Equal Branch if Not Equal Branch if Carry Set Branch if Carry Cleared Branch if Same or Higher Branch if Lower Branch if Minus Branch if Plus	$\begin{array}{l} \text{if } (\text{SREG}(s)=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \end{array}$	None	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
BREQ BRNE BRCS BRCC BRSH BRLO BRMI BRPL BRGE	s, k k k k k k k k k k k k k k k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared Branch if Equal Branch if Not Equal Branch if Carry Set Branch if Carry Cleared Branch if Same or Higher Branch if Lower Branch if Minus Branch if Plus Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed	$\begin{array}{l} \text{if } (\text{SREG}(s)=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \end{array}$	None	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
BREQ BRNE BRCS BRCC BRSH BRLO BRMI BRPL BRGE BRLT	s, k k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared Branch if Equal Branch if Not Equal Branch if Carry Set Branch if Carry Cleared Branch if Same or Higher Branch if Lower Branch if Plus Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed	$\begin{array}{l} \text{if } (\text{SREG}(s)=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N\oplus V=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N\oplus V=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N\oplus V=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \end{array}$	None	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
BREQ BRNE BRCS BRCC BRSH BRLO BRMI BRPL BRGE BRLT BRHS	s, k k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared Branch if Equal Branch if Not Equal Branch if Carry Set Branch if Carry Cleared Branch if Same or Higher Branch if Same or Higher Branch if Lower Branch if Plus Branch if Plus Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed Branch if Half Carry Flag Set	$\begin{array}{l} \text{if } (\text{SREG}(s)=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N\oplus \text{V}=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N\oplus \text{V}=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N\oplus \text{V}=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N\oplus \text{V}=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (H=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \end{array}$	None	1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2 1/2
BREQ BRNE BRCS BRCC BRSH BRLO BRMI BRPL BRGE BRLT BRHS BRHC	s, k k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared Branch if Equal Branch if Not Equal Branch if Carry Set Branch if Carry Cleared Branch if Same or Higher Branch if Same or Higher Branch if Lower Branch if Plus Branch if Plus Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed Branch if Half Carry Flag Set Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared	$\begin{array}{l} \text{if } (\text{SREG}(s)=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N\oplus \text{V}=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N\oplus \text{V}=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N\oplus \text{V}=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (H=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (H=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \end{array}$	None	1/2 1/2
BREQ BRNE BRCS BRCC BRSH BRLO BRMI BRPL BRGE BRLT BRHS BRHC BRTS	s, k k	Branch if Status Flag Cleared Branch if Equal Branch if Not Equal Branch if Carry Set Branch if Carry Cleared Branch if Carry Cleared Branch if Same or Higher Branch if Lower Branch if Minus Branch if Plus Branch if Greater or Equal, Signed Branch if Less Than Zero, Signed Branch if Half Carry Flag Set Branch if Half Carry Flag Set Branch if Half Carry Flag Cleared Branch if T Flag Set	$ \begin{array}{l} \text{if } (\text{SREG}(s)=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (Z=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (C=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N\oplus \text{V}=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N\oplus \text{V}=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (N\oplus \text{V}=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (H=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (H=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (H=0) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \text{if } (T=1) \text{ then } \text{PC}\leftarrow \text{PC}+\text{k}+1 \\ \end{array}$	None None	1/2 1/2



Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks
BRIE	k	Branch if Interrupt Enabled	if (I = 1) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
BRID	k	Branch if Interrupt Disabled	if (I = 0) then PC \leftarrow PC + k + 1	None	1/2
DATA TRANSFER	NSTRUCTIONS				
MOV	Rd, Rr	Move Between Registers	$Rd \leftarrow Rr$	None	1
MOVW	Rd, Rr	Copy Register Word	$Rd+1:Rd \leftarrow Rr+1:Rr$	None	1
LDI	Rd, K	Load Immediate	Rd ← K	None	1
LD	Rd, X	Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (X)$	None	2
LD LD	Rd, X+ Rd, - X	Load Indirect and Post-Inc. Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Rd \leftarrow (X), X \leftarrow X + 1$ $X \leftarrow X - 1, Rd \leftarrow (X)$	None None	2
LD	Rd, Y	Load Indirect and Fre-Dec.	$Rd \leftarrow (Y)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Y+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (Y), Y \leftarrow Y + 1$	None	2
LD	Rd, - Y	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Y \leftarrow Y - 1, Rd \leftarrow (Y)$	None	2
LDD	Rd,Y+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	$Rd \leftarrow (Y + q)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Z	Load Indirect	$Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	2
LD	Rd, Z+	Load Indirect and Post-Inc.	$Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z+1$	None	2
LD	Rd, -Z	Load Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Z \leftarrow Z - 1, Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	2
LDD	Rd, Z+q	Load Indirect with Displacement	$Rd \leftarrow (Z + q)$	None	2
LDS	Rd, k	Load Direct from SRAM	$Rd \leftarrow (k)$	None	2
ST	X, Rr	Store Indirect	$(X) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	X+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(X) \leftarrow \operatorname{Rr}, X \leftarrow X + 1$	None	2
ST	- X, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$X \leftarrow X - 1, (X) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Y, Rr	Store Indirect	$(Y) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST ST	Y+, Rr - Y, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc. Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$(Y) \leftarrow Rr, Y \leftarrow Y + 1$ $Y \leftarrow Y - 1, (Y) \leftarrow Rr$	None None	2
STD	Y+q,Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec. Store Indirect with Displacement		None	2
ST	Z, Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	$(Y + q) \leftarrow Rr$ $(Z) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
ST	Z+, Rr	Store Indirect and Post-Inc.	$(Z) \leftarrow Rr, Z \leftarrow Z + 1$	None	2
ST	-Z, Rr	Store Indirect and Pre-Dec.	$Z \leftarrow Z - 1, (Z) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STD	Z+q,Rr	Store Indirect with Displacement	$(Z + q) \leftarrow Rr$	None	2
STS	k, Rr	Store Direct to SRAM	(k) ← Rr	None	2
LPM		Load Program Memory	$R0 \leftarrow (Z)$	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z	Load Program Memory	$Rd \leftarrow (Z)$	None	3
LPM	Rd, Z+	Load Program Memory and Post-Inc	$Rd \leftarrow (Z), Z \leftarrow Z+1$	None	3
SPM		Store Program Memory	(Z) ← R1:R0	None	-
IN	Rd, P	In Port	Rd ← P	None	1
OUT	P, Rr	Out Port	P ← Rr	None	1
PUSH POP	Rr Rd	Push Register on Stack	$\begin{array}{c} STACK \leftarrow Rr \\ Rd \leftarrow STACK \end{array}$	None None	2
BIT AND BIT-TEST		Pop Register from Stack	RU ~ STACK	None	2
SBI	P,b	Set Bit in I/O Register	I/O(P,b) ← 1	None	2
CBI	P,b	Clear Bit in I/O Register	$I/O(P,b) \leftarrow 0$	None	2
LSL	Rd	Logical Shift Left	$Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), Rd(0) \leftarrow 0$	Z,C,N,V	1
LSR	Rd	Logical Shift Right	$Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), Rd(7) \leftarrow 0$	Z,C,N,V	1
ROL	Rd	Rotate Left Through Carry	$Rd(0) \leftarrow C, Rd(n+1) \leftarrow Rd(n), C \leftarrow Rd(7)$	Z,C,N,V	1
ROR	Rd	Rotate Right Through Carry	$Rd(7) \leftarrow C, Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), C \leftarrow Rd(0)$	Z,C,N,V	1
ASR	Rd	Arithmetic Shift Right	$Rd(n) \leftarrow Rd(n+1), n=06$	Z,C,N,V	1
SWAP	Rd	Swap Nibbles	Rd(30)←Rd(74),Rd(74)←Rd(30)	None	1
BSET	S	Flag Set	SREG(s) ← 1	SREG(s)	1
BCLR	S De la	Flag Clear	$SREG(s) \leftarrow 0$	SREG(s)	1
BST BLD	Rr, b Rd, b	Bit Store from Register to T Bit load from T to Register	$T \leftarrow Rr(b)$ Rd(b) \leftarrow T	T None	1
SEC	itu, b	Set Carry	$Rd(b) \leftarrow 1$ $C \leftarrow 1$	C	1
CLC	1	Clear Carry	C ← 0	c	1
SEN		Set Negative Flag	N ← 1	N	1
CLN		Clear Negative Flag	N ← 0	N	1
SEZ		Set Zero Flag	Z ← 1	Z	1
CLZ		Clear Zero Flag	Z ← 0	Z	1
SEI		Global Interrupt Enable	1←1	1	1
CLI		Global Interrupt Disable	I ← 0	1	1
SES		Set Signed Test Flag	S ← 1	S	1
CLS		Clear Signed Test Flag	S ← 0	S	1
SEV		Set Twos Complement Overflow.	V ← 1	V	1
CLV		Clear Twos Complement Overflow	V ← 0	V	1
SET CLT	-	Set T in SREG Clear T in SREG	T ← 1 T ← 0	Т	1
SEH		Set Half Carry Flag in SREG	$T \leftarrow 0$ $H \leftarrow 1$	н	1
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ATmega162/V

Mnemonics	Operands	Description	Operation	Flags	#Clocks		
CLH		Clear Half Carry Flag in SREG	H ← 0	Н	1		
MCU CONTROL INSTRUCTIONS							
NOP		No Operation		None	1		
SLEEP		Sleep	(see specific descr. for Sleep function)	None	1		
WDR		Watchdog Reset	(see specific descr. for WDR/Timer)	None	1		
BREAK		Break	For On-chip Debug Only	None	N/A		

Ordering Information

Speed (MHz)	Power Supply	Ordering Code ⁽²⁾	Package ⁽¹⁾	Operation Range
		ATmega162V-8AU	44A	
8 ⁽³⁾	1.8 - 5.5V	ATmega162V-8PU	40P6	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
		ATmega162V-8MU	44M1	(-40 C 10 85 C)
	2.7 - 5.5V	ATmega162-16AU	44A	
16 ⁽⁴⁾		ATmega162-16PU	40P6	Industrial (-40°C to 85°C)
		ATmega162-16MU	44M1	(-40 C 10 85 C)

Notes: 1. This device can also be supplied in wafer form. Please contact your local Atmel sales office for detailed ordering information and minimum quantities.

2. Pb-free packaging, complies to the European Directive for Restriction of Hazardous Substances (RoHS directive). Also Halide free and fully Green.

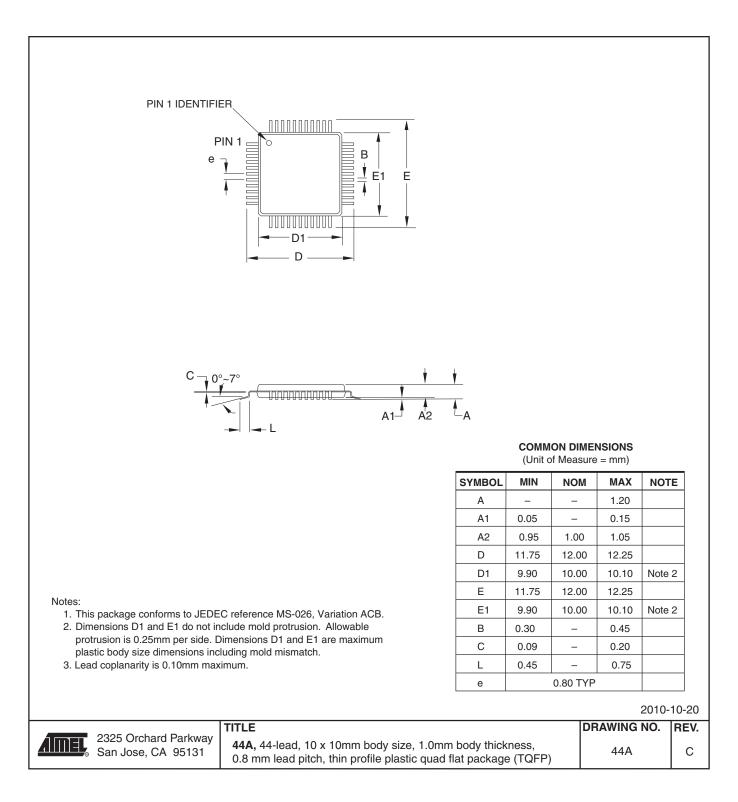
3. See Figure 113 on page 266.

4. See Figure 114 on page 266.

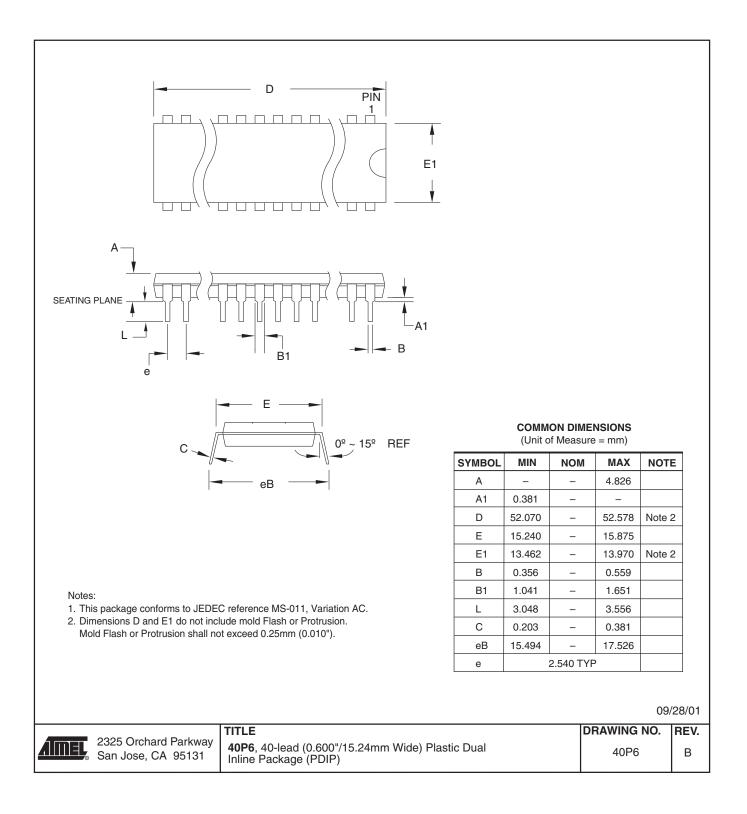
	Package Type
44A	44-lead, Thin (1.0 mm) Plastic Gull Wing Quad Flat Package (TQFP)
40P6	40-pin, 0.600" Wide, Plastic Dual Inline Package (PDIP)
44M1	44-pad, 7 x 7 x 1.0 mm body, lead pitch 0.50 mm, Micro Lead Frame Package (QFN/MLF)

Packaging Information

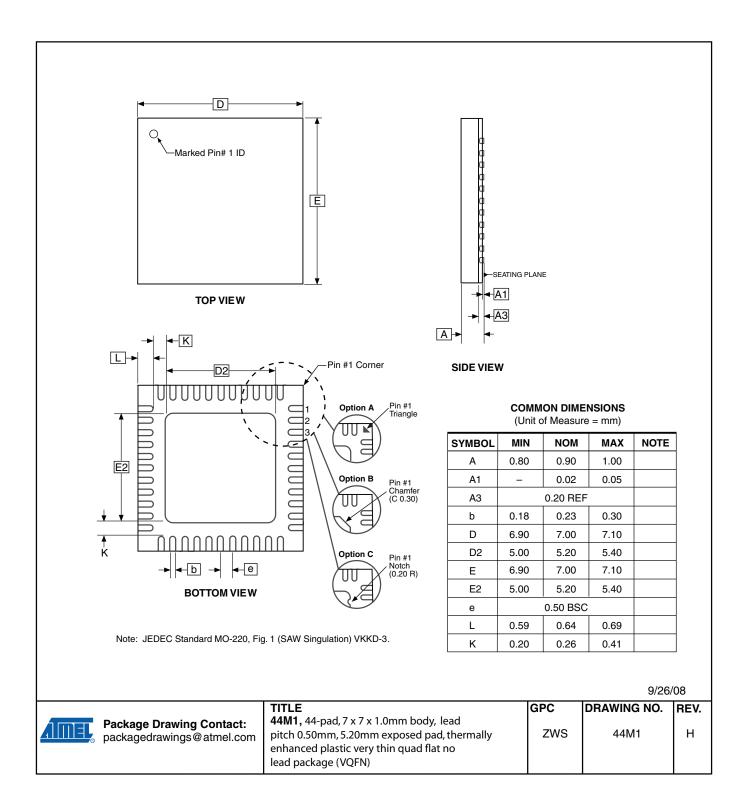
44A



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44M1



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Errata The revision letter in this section refers to the revision of the ATmega162 device.

ATmega162, all rev.

There are no errata for this revision of ATmega162. However, a proposal for solving problems regarding the JTAG instruction IDCODE is presented below.

- IDCODE masks data from TDI input
- Reading EEPROM by using ST or STS to set EERE bit triggers unexpected interrupt request
- Interrupts may be lost when writing the timer register in asynchronous timer

1. IDCODE masks data from TDI input

The public but optional JTAG instruction IDCODE is not implemented correctly according to IEEE1149.1; a logic one is scanned into the shift register instead of the TDI input while shifting the Device ID Register. Hence, captured data from the preceding devices in the boundary scan chain are lost and replaced by all-ones, and data to succeeding devices are replaced by all-ones during Update-DR.

If ATmega162 is the only device in the scan chain, the problem is not visible.

Problem Fix / Workaround

Select the Device ID Register of the ATmega162 (Either by issuing the IDCODE instruction or by entering the Test-Logic-Reset state of the TAP controller) to read out the contents of its Device ID Register and possibly data from succeeding devices of the scan chain. Note that data to succeeding devices cannot be entered during this scan, but data to preceding devices can. Issue the BYPASS instruction to the ATmega162 to select its Bypass Register while reading the Device ID Registers of preceding devices of the boundary scan chain. Never read data from succeeding devices in the boundary scan chain or upload data to the succeeding devices while the Device ID Register is selected for the ATmega162. Note that the IDCODE instruction is the default instruction selected by the Test-Logic-Reset state of the TAP-controller.

Alternative Problem Fix / Workaround

If the Device IDs of all devices in the boundary scan chain must be captured simultaneously (for instance if blind interrogation is used), the boundary scan chain can be connected in such way that the ATmega162 is the first device in the chain. Update-DR will still not work for the succeeding devices in the boundary scan chain as long as IDCODE is present in the JTAG Instruction Register, but the Device ID registered cannot be uploaded in any case.

2. Reading EEPROM by using ST or STS to set EERE bit triggers unexpected interrupt request.

Reading EEPROM by using the ST or STS command to set the EERE bit in the EECR register triggers an unexpected EEPROM interrupt request.

Problem Fix / Workaround

Always use OUT or SBI to set EERE in EECR.

3. Interrupts may be lost when writing the timer register in asynchronous timer

The interrupt will be lost if a timer register that is synchronous timer clock is written when the asynchronous Timer/Counter register (TCNTx) is 0x00.

Problem Fix / Workaround

Always check that the asynchronous Timer/Counter register neither have the value 0xFF nor 0x00 before writing to the asynchronous Timer Control Register (TCCRx), asynchronous Timer Counter Register (TCNTx), or asynchronous Output Compare Register (OCRx).

ATmega162/V

Datasheet Revision History	Please note that the referring page numbers in this section are referred to this document. The referring revision in this section are referring to the document revision.
Changes from Rev. 2513K-08/07 to Rev. 2513L-03/13	1. Updated "Ordering Information" on page 14: Removed -AI, -PI and -MI ordering codes. Only Pb-free package options are available.
Changes from Rev.	1. Updated "Errata" on page 18.
2513J-08/07 to Rev. 2513K-07/09	2. Updated the last page with Atmel's new addresses.
Changes from Rev. 2513I-04/07 to Rev.	1. Updated "Features" on page 1.
2513J-08/07	2. Added "Data Retention" on page 7.
	3. Updated "Errata" on page 18.
	4. Updated "Version" on page 205.
	5. Updated "C Code Example ⁽¹⁾ " on page 172.
	6. Updated Figure 18 on page 35.
	7. Updated "Clock Distribution" on page 35.
	8. Updated "SPI Serial Programming Algorithm" on page 246.
	9. Updated "Slave Mode" on page 162.
Changes from Rev. 2513H-04/06 to	1. Updated "Using all 64KB Locations of External Memory" on page 34.
Rev. 2513I-04/07	2. Updated "Bit 6 – ACBG: Analog Comparator Bandgap Select" on page 195.
	3. Updated V _{OH} conditions in "DC Characteristics" on page 264.
Changes from Rev.	1. Added "Resources" on page 7.
2513G-03/05 to Rev. 2513H-04/06	2. Updated "Calibrated Internal RC Oscillator" on page 38.
	3. Updated note for Table 19 on page 50.
	4. Updated "Serial Peripheral Interface – SPI" on page 157.
Changes from Rev. 2513F-09/03 to	1. MLF-package alternative changed to "Quad Flat No-Lead/Micro Lead Frame Package QFN/MLF".
Rev. 2513G-03/05	2. Updated "Electrical Characteristics" on page 264
	3. Updated "Ordering Information" on page 14

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Changes from Rev.	1.	Removed "Preliminary" from the datasheet.
2513D-04/03 to Rev. 2513E-09/03	2.	Added note on Figure 1 on page 2.
	3.	Renamed and updated "On-chip Debug System" to "JTAG Interface and On-chip Debug System" on page 46.
	4.	Updated Table 18 on page 48 and Table 19 on page 50.
	5.	Updated "Test Access Port – TAP" on page 197 regarding JTAGEN.
	6.	Updated description for the JTD bit on page 207.
	7.	Added note on JTAGEN in Table 99 on page 233.
	8.	Updated Absolute Maximum Ratings* and DC Characteristics in "Electrical Character- istics" on page 264.
	9.	Added a proposal for solving problems regarding the JTAG instruction IDCODE in "Errata" on page 18.
Changes from Rev. 2513C-09/02 to	1.	Updated the "Ordering Information" on page 14 and "Packaging Information" on page 15.
Rev. 2513D-04/03	2.	Updated "Features" on page 1.
	3.	Added characterization plots under "ATmega162 Typical Characteristics" on page 275.
	4.	Added Chip Erase as a first step under "Programming the Flash" on page 260 and "Programming the EEPROM" on page 262.
	5.	Changed CAL7, the highest bit in the OSCCAL Register, to a reserved bit on page 39 and in "Register Summary" on page 8.
	6.	Changed CPCE to CLKPCE on page 41.
	7.	Corrected code examples on page 55.
	8.	Corrected OCn waveforms in Figure 52 on page 120.
	9.	Various minor Timer1 corrections.
	10.	Added note under "Filling the Temporary Buffer (Page Loading)" on page 224 about writing to the EEPROM during an SPM Page Load.
	11.	Added section "EEPROM Write During Power-down Sleep Mode" on page 24.
	12.	Added information about PWM symmetry for Timer0 on page 98 and Timer2 on page 147.
	13.	Updated Table 18 on page 48, Table 20 on page 50, Table 36 on page 77, Table 83 on

13. Updated Table 18 on page 48, Table 20 on page 50, Table 36 on page 77, Table 83 on page 205, Table 109 on page 247, Table 112 on page 267, and Table 113 on page 268.

		Added Figures for "Absolute Maximum Frequency as a function of VCC, ATmega162" on page 266.
	15.	Updated Figure 29 on page 64, Figure 32 on page 68, and Figure 88 on page 210.
	16.	Removed Table 114, "External RC Oscillator, Typical Frequencies ⁽¹⁾ ," on page 265.
	17.	Updated "Electrical Characteristics" on page 264.
Changes from Rev. 2513B-09/02 to Rev. 2513C-09/02	1.	Changed the Endurance on the Flash to 10,000 Write/Erase Cycles.
Changes from Rev.	1.	Added information for ATmega162U.

2513A-05/02 toInformation about ATmega162U included in "Features" on page 1, Table 19, "BODLEVELRev. 2513B-09/02Fuse Coding," on page 50, and "Ordering Information" on page 14.

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