

Sample &

Buv



TPS715A

SBVS047G - MAY 2004 - REVISED MAY 2015

TPS715A, 24-V High Input Voltage, Micropower, 80-mA LDO Voltage Regulator

Technical

Documents

1 Features

- 24 V Maximum Input Voltage
- Low 3.2-µA Quiescent Current at 80 mA
- Stable With Any Capacitor (≥ 0.47 µF)
- 80-mA Specified Current
- Available in Fixed and Adjustable (1.2 V to 15 V) Versions
- Specified Current Limit
- 3-mm × 3mm and 2-mm × 2-mm SON Packages
- –40°C to 125°C Specified Junction Temperature Range
- For MSP430-Specific Output Voltages See the TPS715xx

2 Applications

- Ultralow Power Microcontrollers
- Industrial and Automotive Applications
- PDAs
- Portable, Battery-Powered Equipment
- Medical Imaging

3 Description

Tools &

Software

The TPS715A low-dropout (LDO) voltage regulators offer the benefits of high input voltage, low-dropout voltage, low-power operation, and miniaturized packaging. The devices, which operate over an input range of 2.5 V to 24 V, are stable with any capacitor ($\geq 0.47 \ \mu$ F). The high maximum input voltage combined with excellent power dissipation capability makes this part particularly well-suited to industrial and automotive applications.

Support &

Community

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A PMOS pass element behaves as a low-value resistor. The low dropout voltage, typically 670 mV at 80 mA of load current, is directly proportional to the load current. The low quiescent current (3.2 μ A typically) is nearly constant over the entire range of output load current (0 mA to 80 mA).

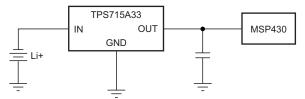
The TPS715A is available in 3-mm \times 3-mm package ideal for high power dissipation and small 2-mm \times 2mm package ideal for handheld and ultra-portable applications. The 3-mm \times 3-mm package is also available as a non-magnetic package for medical imaging applications.

Device Information⁽¹⁾

PART NUMBER	PACKAGE	BODY SIZE (NOM)	
	SON (8)	3.00 mm × 3.00 mm	
TPS715A	SON (6)	2.00 mm × 2.00 mm	

(1) For all available packages, see the orderable addendum at the end of the data sheet.

Typical Application Schematic



TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

www.ti.com

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4 Revision History

NOTE: Page numbers for previous revisions may differ from page numbers in the current version.

C	changes from Revision F (October 2012) to Revision G	Page
•	Added ESD Ratings table, Feature Description section, Device Functional Modes, Application and Imple section, Power Supply Recommendations section, Layout section, Device and Documentation Support s Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information section	section, and
C	changes from Revision E (June 2011) to Revision F	Page
•	Updated Figure 15	10
C	changes from Revision D (May, 2007) to Revision E	Page
•	Added last Applications bullet	1
•	Added last sentence to Description section	1



5 Pin Configuration and Functions



DRB Package 8-Pin SON Top View					
IN	1		OUT		
NC	2		NC		
NC	3		NC		
GND	4		FB/NC		

Pin Functions

		PIN					
NAME	8-PIN	PIN SON 6-PIN SON		I/O	DESCRIPTION		
NAME	FIXED	ADJ.	FIXED	ADJ.			
FB	—	4	—	5	Ι	Adjustable version. This terminal is used to set the output voltage.	
GND	3, Pad	3, Pad	4, Pad	4, Pad	_	Ground	
NC	2, 4, 5	2, 5	2, 3, 5, 6, 7	2, 3, 6, 7	No connection. May be left open or tied to Ground for improvementation thermal performance.		
IN	1	1	1	1	Ι	Unregulated input voltage.	
OUT	6	6	8	8	0	Regulated output voltage, any output capacitor $\ge 0.47 \ \mu\text{F}$ can be used for stability.	

6 Specifications

6.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Over operating temperature range, unless otherwise noted.⁽¹⁾

	MIN	MAX	UNIT	
V _{IN}	-0.3	24	V	
Peak output current	Interna	Internally limited		
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissip	See Dissipation Ratings		
Junction temperature, T _J	-40	125	°C	
Storage temperature, T _{stg}	-65	150	°C	

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under absolute maximum ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under recommended operating conditions is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

6.2 ESD Ratings

			VALUE	UNIT
	Flootroototio	Human body model (HBM), per ANSI/ESDA/JEDEC JS-001, all pins ⁽¹⁾	±2000	
V _(ESD)	Electrostatic discharge	Charged device model (CDM), per JEDEC specification JESD22-C101, all $\ensuremath{pins^{(2)}}$	±500	V

(1) JEDEC document JEP155 states that 500-V HBM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

(2) JEDEC document JEP157 states that 250-V CDM allows safe manufacturing with a standard ESD control process.

6.3 Recommended Operating Conditions

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
V _{IN}	Input supply voltage	2.5		24	V
I _{OUT}	Output current	0		80	mA
CIN	Input capacitor	0	0.047		μF
C _{OUT}	Output capacitor	0.47	1		μF

6.4 Thermal Information

		TPS		
	THERMAL METRIC ⁽¹⁾	DRV (SON)	DRB (SON)	UNIT
		6 PINS	8 PINS	
R_{\thetaJA}	Junction-to-ambient thermal resistance	79.5	69	°C/W
R _{0JC(top)}	Junction-to-case (top) thermal resistance	110.5	76.8	°C/W
$R_{ extsf{ heta}JB}$	Junction-to-board thermal resistance	48.9	44.6	°C/W
Ψ_{JT}	Junction-to-top characterization parameter	5.2	8.1	°C/W
Ψ _{JB}	Junction-to-board characterization parameter	49.3	44.8	°C/W
R _{0JC(bot)}	Junction-to-case (bottom) thermal resistance	18.3	27.5	°C/W

(1) For more information about traditional and new thermal metrics, see the Semiconductor and IC Package Thermal Metrics application report, SPRA953.

6.5 Electrical Characteristics

Over operating junction temperature range ($T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to 125°C), $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} + 1$ V, $I_{OUT} = 1$ mA, $C_{OUT} = 1$ µF, unless otherwise noted. The TPS715A01 device is tested with $V_{OUT} = 2.8$ V. Typical values are at $T_J = 25^{\circ}C$.

PARAMETE	R	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
lanut value en (1)		I _{OUT} = 10mA	2.5		24	v
Input voltage ⁽¹⁾	V _{IN}	I _{OUT} = 80mA	3		24	V
Voltage range (TPS715A01)	V _{OUT}		1.2		15	V
Output voltage accuracy ⁽¹⁾	TPS715A01	$V_{OUT} + 1 V \le V_{IN} \le 24 V$, 1.2 V $\le V_{OUT} \le 15V$, 0 $\le I_{OUT} \le 80 \text{ mA}$	0.96 × V _{OUT(nom)}	V _{OUT(nom)}	1.04 × V _{OUT(nom)}	V
	TPS715A33	$4.3 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{IN}} < 24 \text{ V}, 0 \le \text{I}_{\text{OUT}} \le 80 \text{ mA}$	3.135	3.3	3.465	
Output voltage line regulation ⁽¹⁾	$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta V_{IN}$	$V_{OUT} + 1V < V_{IN} \le 24 V$		20	60	mV
Load regulation	$\Delta V_{OUT} / \Delta I_{OUT}$	I _{OUT} = 100 μA to 80 mA		35		mV
Dropout voltage $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(NOM)} - 0.1V$	V _{DO}	I _{OUT} = 80 mA		670	1120	mV
Output current limit	I _{CL}	V _{OUT} = 0 V	160		1100	mA
		$T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to 85°C, 0 mA $\leq I_{OUT} \leq 80$ mA		3.2	4.2	
Ground pin current	I _{GND}	$0 \text{ mA} \le I_{OUT} \le 80 \text{ mA}$		3.2	4.8	μA
		$V_{IN} = 24 \text{ V}, 0 \text{ mA} \le I_{OUT} \le 80 \text{ mA}$			5.8	
Power-supply ripple rejection	PSRR	f = 100 kHz, C _{OUT} = 10 μF		60		dB
Output noise voltage	V _{IN}	BW = 200 Hz to 100 kHz, $C_{OUT} = 10 \ \mu$ F, $I_{OUT} = 50 \text{ mA}$		575		μVrms

(1) Minimum $V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + V_{DO}$, or the value shown for Input voltage, whichever is greater.

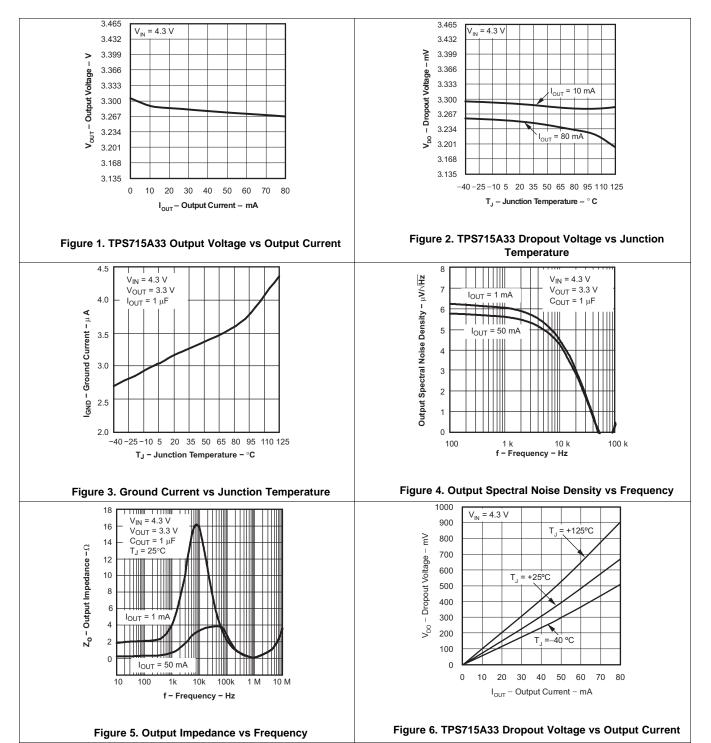
6.6 Dissipation Ratings

BOARD	PACKAGE	R _{θJA} °C/W	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T _A = 25°C	T _A ≤ 25°C POWER RATING	T _A = 70°C POWER RATING	T _A = 85°C POWER RATING
High-K ⁽¹⁾	DRV	65	15.4mW/°C	1.54 W	0.85 W	0.62 W
High-K ⁽¹⁾	DRB	40	25 mW/°C	2.50 W	1.38 W	1.00 W

(1) The JEDEC High-K (2s2p) board design used to derive this data was a 3 inch x 3 inch, multilayer board with 1 ounce internal power and ground planes and 2 ounce copper traces on top and bottom of the board.

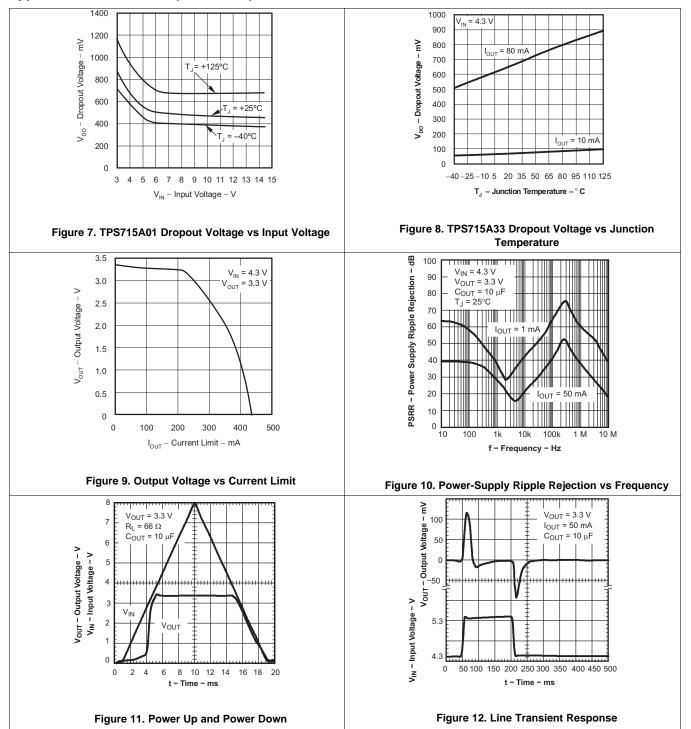


6.7 Typical Characteristics



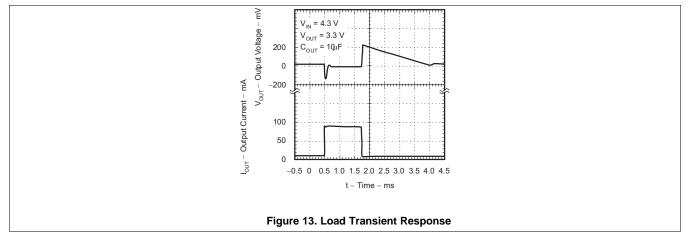


Typical Characteristics (continued)





Typical Characteristics (continued)





Detailed Description 7

Overview 7.1

The TPS715A family of low dropout regulators consume only 3.2 µA of current while offering a wide input voltage range and low-dropout voltage in a small package. The devices, which operate over an input range of 2.5 V to 24 V, are stable with any capacitor greater than or equal to 0.47 µF. The low guiescent current makes the TPS715A ideal for powering battery management ICs. Specifically, because the TPS715A is enabled as soon as the applied voltage reaches the minimum input voltage, the output is quickly available to power continuously operating battery charging ICs.

7.2 Functional Block Diagrams

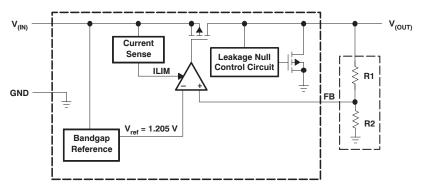


Figure 14. Functional Block Diagram—Adjustable Version

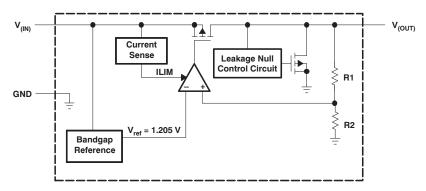


Figure 15. Functional Block Diagram—Fixed Version

7.3 Feature Description

7.3.1 Wide Supply Range

This device has an operational input supply range of 2.5 V to 24 V, allowing for a wide range of applications. This wide supply range is ideal for applications that have either large transients or high DC voltage supplies.

7.3.2 Low Supply Current

This device only requires 3.2 µA (typical) of supply current and has a maximum current consumption of 5.8 µA at -40°C to 125°C.

7.3.3 Stable With Any Capacitor ≥ 0.47 µF

Any capacitor, including both ceramic and tantalum, greater than or equal to 0.47 µF properly stabilizes this loop.



Feature Description (continued)

7.3.4 Internal Current Limit

The internal current limit circuit is used to protect the LDO against high-load current faults or shorting events. The LDO is not designed to operate in a steady-state current limit. During a current limit event, the LDO sources constant current. Therefore, the output voltage falls when load impedance decreases.

NOTE

if a current limit occurs and the resulting output voltage is low, excessive power is dissipated across the LDO, resulting in possible damage to the device.

7.3.5 Reverse Current

The TPS715A device PMOS-pass transistor has a built-in back diode that conducts current when the input voltage drops below the output voltage (for example, during power down). Current is conducted from the output to the input and is not internally limited. If extended reverse voltage operation is anticipated, external limiting may be required.

7.4 Device Functional Modes

Table 1 provides a quick comparison between the normal, dropout, and disabled modes of operation.

Table 1. Device Functional Mode Comparison

	PARAMETER					
OPERATING MODE	V _{IN}	Ιουτ				
Normal	$V_{IN} > V_{OUT(nom)} + V_{DO}$	I _{OUT} < I _{CL}				
Dropout	$V_{IN} < V_{OUT(nom)} + V_{DO}$	I _{OUT} < I _{CL}				
Disabled	—	_				

7.4.1 Normal Operation

The device regulates to the nominal output voltage under the following conditions:

- The input voltage is greater than the nominal output voltage plus the dropout voltage ($V_{OUT(nom)} + V_{DO}$).
- The output current is less than the current limit ($I_{OUT} < I_{CL}$).
- The device junction temperature is less than 125°C.

7.4.2 Dropout Operation

If the input voltage is lower than the nominal output voltage plus the specified dropout voltage, but all other conditions are met for normal operation, the device operates in dropout mode. In this mode, the output voltage tracks the input voltage. During this mode, the transient performance of the device becomes significantly degraded because the pass device is in the linear region and no longer controls the current through the LDO. Line or load transients in dropout can result in large output-voltage deviations.



8 Application and Implementation

NOTE

Information in the following applications sections is not part of the TI component specification, and TI does not warrant its accuracy or completeness. TI's customers are responsible for determining suitability of components for their purposes. Customers should validate and test their design implementation to confirm system functionality.

8.1 Application Information

The TPS715A family of LDO regulators has been optimized for ultralow-power applications such as the MSP430 microcontroller. The ultralow-supply current of the TPS715A device maximizes efficiency at light loads, and its high input voltage range makes it suitable for supplies such as unconditioned solar panels.

8.2 Typical Applications

8.2.1 Typical Application (Fixed-Voltage Version)

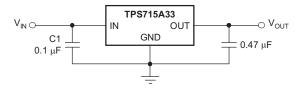


Figure 16. Typical Application Circuit (Fixed-Voltage Version)

8.2.1.1 Design Requirements

8.2.1.1.1 Power the MSP430 Microcontroller

Several versions of the TPS715A are ideal for powering the MSP430 microcontroller. Table 2 shows potential applications of some voltage versions.

DEVICE	V _{OUT} (TYP)	APPLICATION
TPS715A19	1.9 V	$V_{OUT(min)}$ > 1.8 V required by many MSP430s. Allows lowest power consumption operation.
TPS715A23	2.3 V	$V_{OUT(min)}$ > 2.2 V required by some MSP430s flash operation.
TPS715A30	3 V	$V_{OUT(min)}$ > 2.7 V required by some MSP430s Flash operation.
TPS715A345	3.45 V	V _{OUT(max)} < 3.6 V required by some MSP430s. Allows highest speed operation.

Table 2. Typical MSP430 Applications

The TPS715A family of devices offers many output voltage versions to allow designers to optimize the supply voltage for the MSP430, thereby minimizing the supply current consumed by the MSP430.



8.2.1.2 Detailed Design Procedure

8.2.1.2.1 External Capacitor Requirements

Although not required, a 0.047-µF or larger input bypass capacitor, connected between IN and GND and located close to the device, is recommended to improve transient response and noise rejection of the power supply as a whole. A higher-value input capacitor may be necessary if large, fast-rise-time load transients are anticipated and the device is located several inches from the power source.

The TPS715A device requires an output capacitor connected between OUT and GND to stabilize the internal control loop. Any capacitor (including ceramic and tantalum) greater than or equal to 0.47 µF properly stabilizes this loop. TI recommends the X7R or X5R type capacitors because they have a wider temperature spec and lower temperature coefficient, but other types of capacitors may be used.

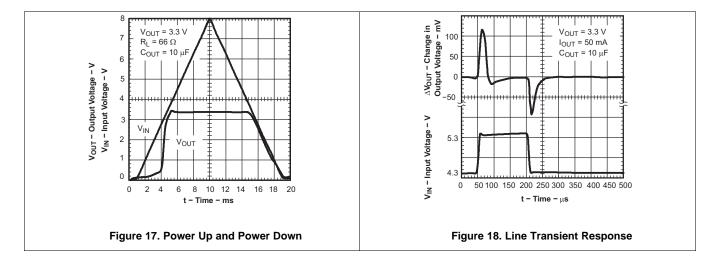
8.2.1.2.2 Dropout Voltage (V_{DO})

Generally speaking, the dropout voltage often refers to the voltage difference between the input and output voltage ($V_{DO} = V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$). However, in the *Electrical Characteristics*, V_{DO} is defined as the $V_{IN} - V_{OUT}$ voltage at the rated current, where the pass-FET is fully enhanced in the ohmic region of operation and is characterized by the classic $R_{DS(on)}$ of the FET. V_{DO} indirectly specifies a minimum input voltage above the nominal programmed output voltage at which the output voltage is expected to remain within its accuracy boundary. If the input falls below this V_{DO} limit ($V_{IN} < V_{OUT} + V_{DO}$), then the output voltage decreases to follow the input voltage.

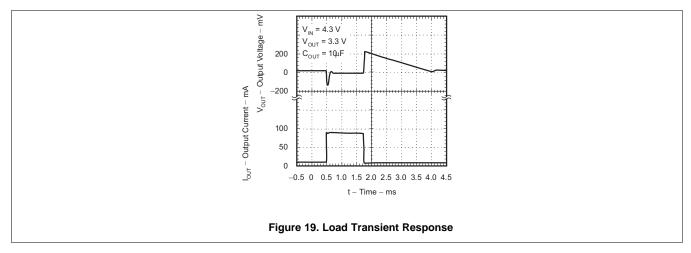
Dropout voltage is always determined by the $R_{DS(on)}$ of the main pass-FET. Therefore, if the LDO operates below the rated current, then the V_{DO} for that current scales accordingly. $R_{DS(on)}$ can be calculated using Equation 1.

$$R_{\rm DS(ON)} = \frac{V_{\rm DO}}{I_{\rm RATED}}$$
(1)

8.2.1.3 Application Curves







8.2.2 TPS715A01 Adjustable LDO Regulator Programming

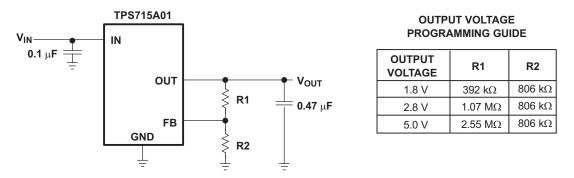


Figure 20. TPS715A01 Adjustable LDO Regulator Programming

8.2.2.1 Detailed Design Procedure

8.2.2.1.1 Setting V_{OUT} for the TPS715A01 Adjustable LDO

The TPS715A family of devices contains an adjustable-version, the TPS715A01 device, which sets the output voltage using an external resistor divider as shown in Figure 20. The output voltage operating range is 1.2 V to 15 V, and is calculated using Equation 2.

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \times \left(1 + \frac{R1}{R2}\right)$$

where

Resistors R1 and R2 should be chosen to allow approximately 1.5- μ A of current through the resistor divider. Lower value resistors can be used for improved noise performance, but will consume more power. Higher resistor values should be avoided as leakage current into or out of FB across R1/R2 creates an offset voltage that is proportional to V_{OUT} divided by V_{REF}. The recommended design procedure is to choose R2 = 1 M Ω to set the divider current at 1.5 μ A, and then calculate R1 using Equation 3.

$$R1 = \left(\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{REF}} - 1\right) \times 2$$

Figure 20 shows this configuration.

(3)

(2)

8.3 Do's and Don'ts

Place at least one 0.47-µF capacitor as close as possible to the OUT and GND terminals of the regulator.

Do not connect the output capacitor to the regulator using a long, thin trace.

Connect an input capacitor of 0.047 μ F as close as possible to the IN and GND terminals of the regulator for best performance.

Do not exceed the absolute maximum ratings.

9 Power Supply Recommendations

The TPS715A is designed to operate with an input voltage supply range from 2.5 V to 24 V. The input voltage range provides adequate headroom in order for the device to have a regulated output. This input supply must be well regulated. If the input supply is noisy, additional input capacitors with low ESR can help improve the output noise performance.



10 Layout

10.1 Layout Guidelines

For best overall performance, place all circuit components on the same side of the printed-circuit-board and as near as practical to the respective LDO pin connections. Place ground return connections for the input and output capacitors as close to the GND pin as possible, using wide, component-side, copper planes. TI strongly discourages using vias and long traces to create LDO circuit connections to the input capacitor, output capacitor, or the resistor divider because that will negatively affect system performance. This grounding and layout scheme minimizes inductive parasitics, and thereby reduces load-current transients, minimizes noise, and increases circuit stability. TI also recommends embedding a ground reference plane either in the PCB itself or located on the bottom side of the PCB opposite the components. This reference plane assures accuracy of the output voltage and shields the LDO from noise.

10.2 Layout Example

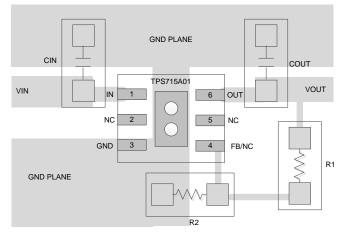


Figure 21. Example Layout for TPS715A01DRV

10.3 Power Dissipation

To ensure reliable operation, worst-case junction temperature should not exceed 125°C. This restriction limits the power dissipation the regulator can handle in any given application. To ensure the junction temperature is within acceptable limits, calculate the maximum allowable dissipation, $P_{D(max)}$, and the actual dissipation, P_D , which must be less than or equal to $P_{D(max)}$.

The maximum-power-dissipation limit is determined using Equation 4.

$$\mathsf{P}_{\mathsf{D}(\mathsf{max})} = \frac{\mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{J}}\,\mathsf{max} - \mathsf{T}_{\mathsf{A}}}{\mathsf{R}_{\mathsf{\theta}\mathsf{J}\mathsf{A}}}$$

where

- T_Jmax is the maximum allowable junction temperature
- R_{0JA} is the thermal resistance junction-to-ambient for the package (see the *Thermal Information* table)
- T_A is the ambient temperature

The regulator power dissipation is calculated using Equation 5.

$$P_{\rm D} = (V_{\rm IN} - V_{\rm OUT}) \times I_{\rm OUT}$$
⁽⁵⁾

For a higher power package version of the TPS715A, see the TPS715A.

(4)

11 Device and Documentation Support

11.1 Device Support

11.1.1 Development Support

11.1.1.1 Evaluation Module

An evaluation module (EVM) is available to assist in the initial circuit performance evaluation using the TPS715A. The TPS715AXXEVM-065 evaluation module (and related user's guide) can be requested at the TI website through the product folders or purchased directly from the TI eStore.

11.1.1.2 Spice Models

Computer simulation of circuit performance using SPICE is often useful when analyzing the performance of analog circuits and systems. A SPICE model for the TPS715A is available through the product folders under *Tools & Software*.

11.1.2 Device Nomenclature

Table 3. Device Nomenclature⁽¹⁾

PRODUCT	V _{OUT}
TPS715A xxyyyz	 XX is nominal output voltage (for example 33 = 3.3V, 01 = Adjustable) YYY is Package Designator Z is Package Quantity

(1) For the most current package and ordering information see the Package Option Addendum at the end of this document, or see the TI website at www.ti.com.

11.2 Documentation Support

11.2.1 Related Documentation

For related documentation see the following:

• TPS71533EVM LDO Evaluation Module User Guide, SLVU061

11.3 Related Links

The table below lists quick access links. Categories include technical documents, support and community resources, tools and software, and quick access to sample or buy.

PARTS	PRODUCT FOLDER	SAMPLE & BUY	TECHNICAL DOCUMENTS	TOOLS & SOFTWARE	SUPPORT & COMMUNITY				
TPS715A	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here				
TPS715A30	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here				
TPS715A33	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here	Click here				

Table 4. Related Links

11.4 Community Resources

The following links connect to TI community resources. Linked contents are provided "AS IS" by the respective contributors. They do not constitute TI specifications and do not necessarily reflect TI's views; see TI's Terms of Use.

- TI E2E[™] Online Community *TI's Engineer-to-Engineer (E2E) Community.* Created to foster collaboration among engineers. At e2e.ti.com, you can ask questions, share knowledge, explore ideas and help solve problems with fellow engineers.
- **Design Support TI's Design Support** Quickly find helpful E2E forums along with design support tools and contact information for technical support.



11.5 Trademarks

E2E is a trademark of Texas Instruments. All other trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

11.6 Electrostatic Discharge Caution



These devices have limited built-in ESD protection. The leads should be shorted together or the device placed in conductive foam during storage or handling to prevent electrostatic damage to the MOS gates.

11.7 Glossary

SLYZ022 — TI Glossary.

This glossary lists and explains terms, acronyms, and definitions.

12 Mechanical, Packaging, and Orderable Information

The following pages include mechanical, packaging, and orderable information. This information is the most current data available for the designated devices. This data is subject to change without notice and revision of this document. For browser-based versions of this data sheet, refer to the left-hand navigation.



19-Mar-2015

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status	Package Type	-	Pins	-	Eco Plan	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking	Samples
	(1)		Drawing		Qty	(2)	(6)	(3)		(4/5)	
TPS715A01DRBR	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ANO	Samples
TPS715A01DRBRG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ANO	Samples
TPS715A01DRBT	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ANO	Samples
TPS715A01DRBT-NM	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU SN	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ANONM	Samples
TPS715A01DRBTG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ANO	Samples
TPS715A01DRVR	ACTIVE	SON	DRV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	SBE	Samples
TPS715A01DRVT	ACTIVE	SON	DRV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	SBE	Samples
TPS715A30DRVR	ACTIVE	SON	DRV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	SAV	Samples
TPS715A30DRVT	ACTIVE	SON	DRV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	SAV	Samples
TPS715A33DRBR	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ANN	Samples
TPS715A33DRBRG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ANN	Samples
TPS715A33DRBT	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ANN	Samples
TPS715A33DRBTG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 125	ANN	Samples
TPS715A33DRVR	ACTIVE	SON	DRV	6	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	ANN	Samples
TPS715A33DRVT	ACTIVE	SON	DRV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	ANN	Samples
TPS715A33DRVTG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRV	6	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	ANN	Samples

⁽¹⁾ The marketing status values are defined as follows: **ACTIVE:** Product device recommended for new designs.





19-Mar-2015

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect. NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design. PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available. OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

⁽²⁾ Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes. **Pb-Free** (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

⁽³⁾ MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

⁽⁴⁾ There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "~" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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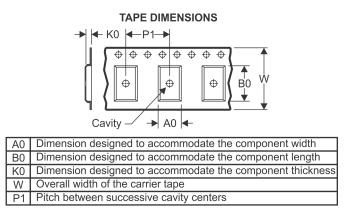
PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION





QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



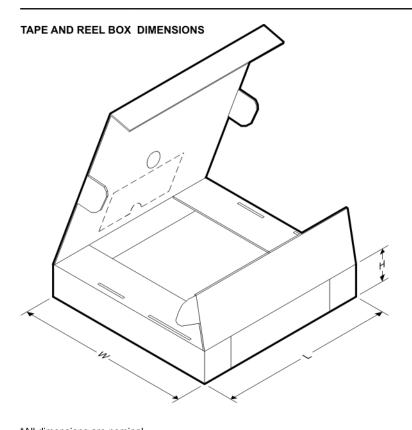
*All dimensions are nominal												
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing		SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS715A01DRBR	SON	DRB	8	3000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS715A01DRBT	SON	DRB	8	250	180.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS715A01DRBT-NM	SON	DRB	8	250	180.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS715A01DRVR	SON	DRV	6	3000	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS715A01DRVT	SON	DRV	6	250	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS715A30DRVR	SON	DRV	6	3000	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS715A30DRVT	SON	DRV	6	250	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS715A33DRBR	SON	DRB	8	3000	330.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS715A33DRBT	SON	DRB	8	250	180.0	12.4	3.3	3.3	1.1	8.0	12.0	Q2
TPS715A33DRVR	SON	DRV	6	3000	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2
TPS715A33DRVT	SON	DRV	6	250	179.0	8.4	2.2	2.2	1.2	4.0	8.0	Q2

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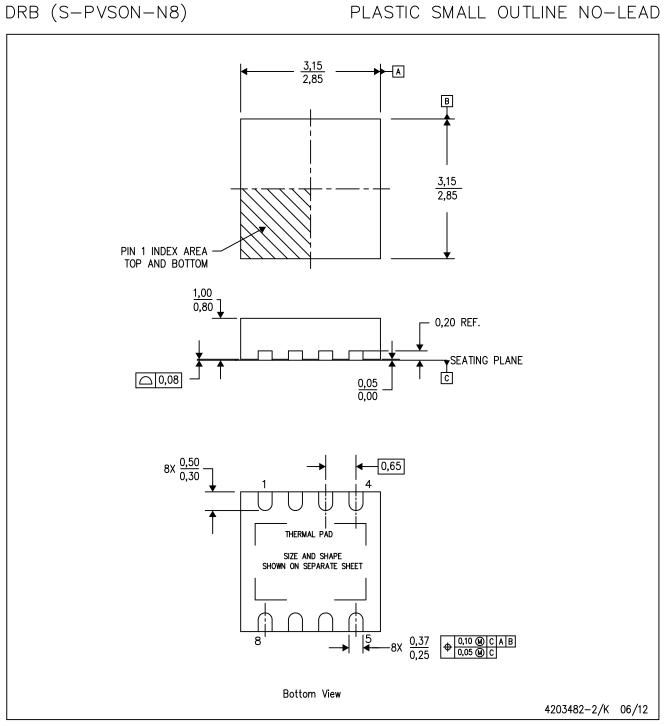
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PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

19-Mar-2015



*All dimensions are nominal							
Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS715A01DRBR	SON	DRB	8	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TPS715A01DRBT	SON	DRB	8	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS715A01DRBT-NM	SON	DRB	8	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS715A01DRVR	SON	DRV	6	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS715A01DRVT	SON	DRV	6	250	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS715A30DRVR	SON	DRV	6	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS715A30DRVT	SON	DRV	6	250	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS715A33DRBR	SON	DRB	8	3000	367.0	367.0	35.0
TPS715A33DRBT	SON	DRB	8	250	210.0	185.0	35.0
TPS715A33DRVR	SON	DRV	6	3000	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS715A33DRVT	SON	DRV	6	250	195.0	200.0	45.0



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Small Outline No-Lead (SON) package configuration.
- D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance.
- E. See the additional figure in the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad features and dimensions.



THERMAL PAD MECHANICAL DATA

DRB (S-PVSON-N8)

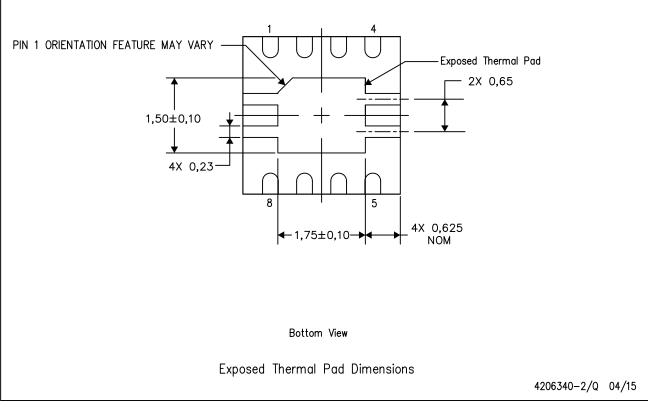
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

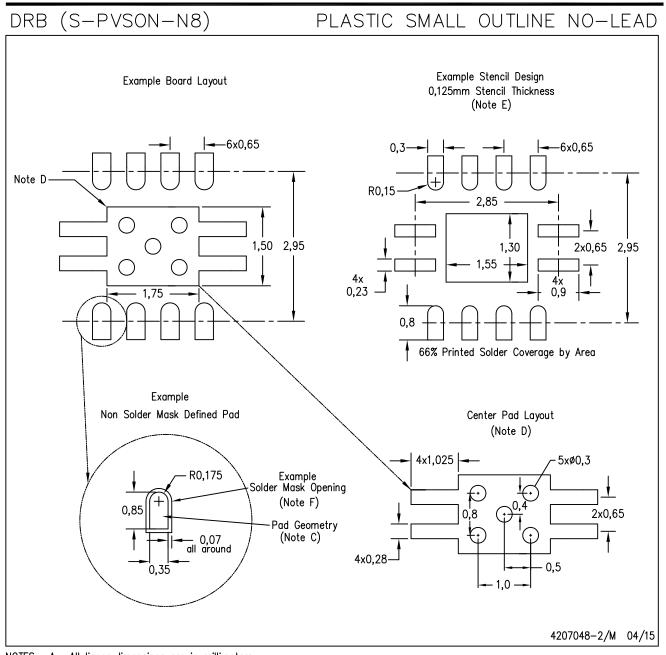
For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.



NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.

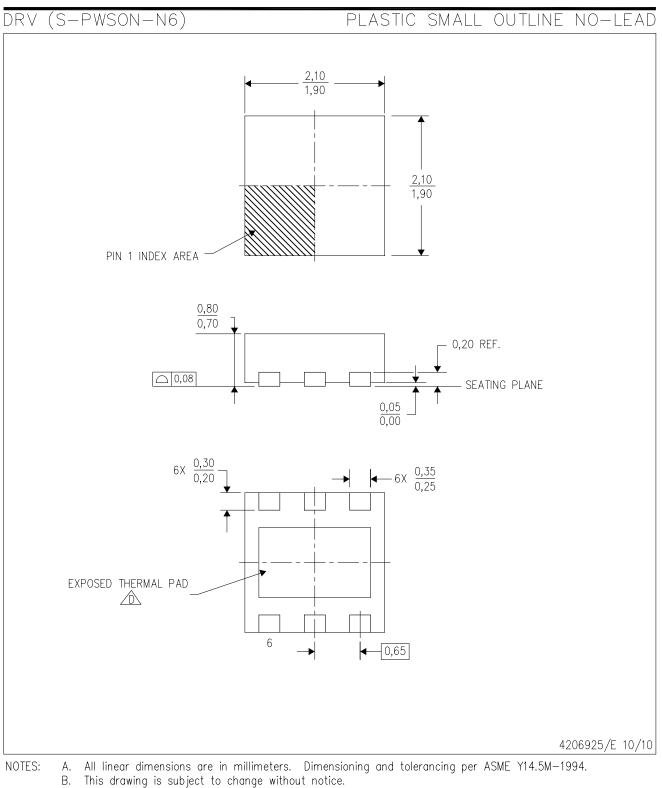
D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, QFN Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com http://www.ti.com.

E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.

F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances.



MECHANICAL DATA



- C. Small Outline No-Lead (SON) package configuration.
- The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance. See the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad dimensions.

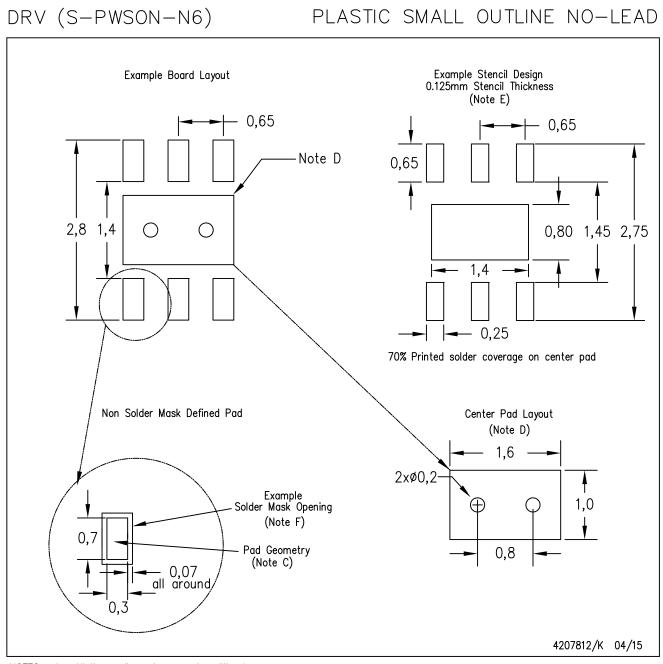


DRV (S-PWSON-N6)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE NO-LEAD

THERMAL INFORMATION This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC). For information on the Quad Flatpack No-Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271. This document is available at www.ti.com. The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration. **PIN 1 INDICATOR** C 0,30 3 1 Exposed Thermal Pad $1,00\pm0,10$ 6 4 -1,60±0,10 Bottom View Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions 4206926/Q 04/15 NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters





NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
- D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, QFN/SON PCB Attachment, Texas Instruments Literature No. SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com http://www.ti.com.

E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.

F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances.



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